Colleges & Universities Forum

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- Emergency Planning & Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA), aka SARA Title III
- Purpose:
 - Ensure Chemical Storage and Accidental Releases Are Reported to local and state responders
 - Ensure that Toxic Chemical Releases

 (accidental and non-accidental) are reported
 and available to the public

- EPCRA Section 304
 - 40 C.F.R. Part 355
 - Chemical Spill Reporting
 - Spills (releases) of chemicals above the reportable quantity must be reported immediately to Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) and State Emergency Response Commission (SERC)

- EPCRA Section 304
 - For more information see:
 - http://www.epa.gov/ceppo/ep-epre.htm#302

- EPCRA Section 312
 - 40 C.F.R. Part 370
 - Chemical Inventory Reporting
 - Chemicals present at a facility above the threshold quantity must be reported to the fire department, LEPC, and SERC.
 - Tier II Form Used in Most States

- EPCRA Section 312
 - Chemical Inventory Reporting
 - Exemption
 - Any substance to the extent it is used in a research laboratory or a hospital under the direct supervision of a technically qualified individual.

- EPCRA Section 312
 - For more information see:

http://www.epa.gov/ceppo/ep-epre.htm#311-312

- EPCRA Section 313
 - 40 C.F.R. Part 372
 - Toxic Release Inventory
 - For toxic chemicals manufactured, processed, or otherwise used must report the releases and off-site transfers to EPA using a "Form R."

- Section 313
 - Toxic Release Inventory
 - Must have more than 10 employees; and,
 - Must meet the chemical threshold; and,
 - Must be in a listed Standard Industrial Classification Codes (SIC):
 - 10, 12, 20-39, 4911, 4931, 4939, 4953, 5169, 5171, or 7389

- EPCRA 313
 - Exemptions
 - Activities in laboratories
 - Routine janitorial services

- EPCRA Section 313
 - For more information see:

www.epa.gov/tri

- Useful Resource
 - List of Lists:

http://www.epa.gov/ceppo/ds-pds.htm#title3